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10/623,746	07/21/2003	Eric L. Andersen	100202636-1	7520
22879 7590 03/04/2009 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400			EXAMINER	
			DULANEY, BENJAMIN O	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2625	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2/9/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding applicant's argument that Beaven does not teach presenting the user with an option to keep a condition that throws a conflict, examiner disagrees. In column 4, line 48 Beaven refers to conditions that create possible conflicts that "may not be compatible" and again on line 60 refers to the mirror function and choice of transparency "which may not be a desired outcome by the user". Giving a user the opportunity to fix conditions that *might* be a problem and forcing a user to fix conditions that are totally incompatible are two very different things, and it is also very clear which procedure the system of Beaven would fall under. The entire stated purpose of Beaven, as seen in column 1, lines 49-51, is to **not** limit the "applicability and flexibility" of the operating system because of the "interdependency of the printer operating code and the GUI code"; and if Beaven operated as applicant's suggest (to disallow certain options to be used with one another when a conflict is thrown), it would create a system that is more rigid, not more flexible. In other words, the purpose of Beaven's "conflicts" is to verify that a user really wants to perform a certain action, which certainly suggests (if not outright teaches) a user's option to continue with settings that *may* not give a desired outcome. Therefore Beaven does teach the ability to form a mirror image on a sheet of transparency.

Regarding applicant's argument that Beaven does not teach an automatic mirror function, examiner disagrees. Beaven clearly states in column 4, lines 55-57 that a user

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chooses a transparency setting which "causes the printer driver to perform a mirror function"; hence the choice of transparency is *automatically* linked to the mirror function. Therefore the disputed feature is taught.

/Benjamin O Dulaney/

Examiner, Art Unit 2625

/David K Moore/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2625